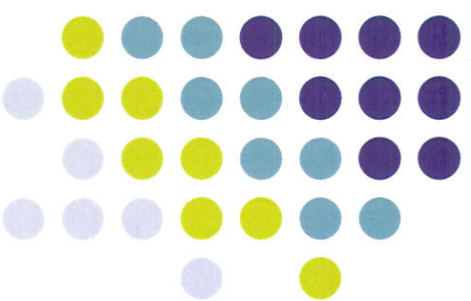
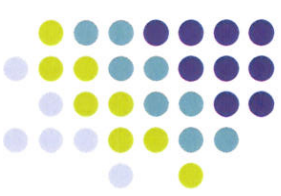


Absorption, distribution, and excretion
examinations of ^{99m}Tc hyaluronic acid after single dose
per oral administration

JULY, 2007



Background

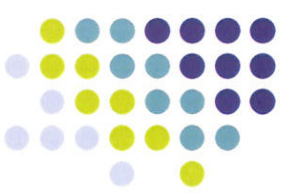


- Hyaluronic acid (HA) is being listed as an ingredient in an ever-increasing number of dietary supplements targeted to joint health and skin health

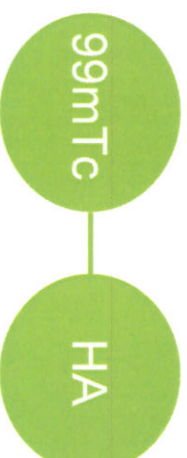


- No published reports on uptake of HA after oral administration were found in the scientific literature
- The aim of the study:
To examine the absorption, excretion and distribution of Hyaluronic Acid after a single oral administration

Design of study



- Study group:



- Control group:



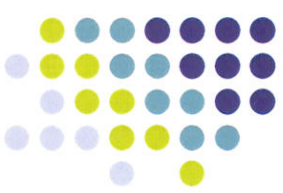
- Study animals: Wistar rats

Beagle dogs

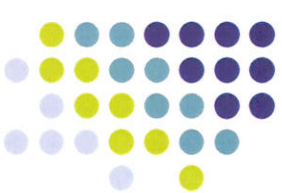
- Sodium hyaluronate
MW: 1.0-1.5 MDa
- ^{99m}Tc : gamma emitting isotope $^{99m}\text{technetium}$ (Tc)

Methods

- Tissue biodistribution
- Urinary/faeces excretion examinations
- Blood & urinary clearance
- Scintigraphic examinations
- Nano SPECT/CT scans
- Autoradiography



Results

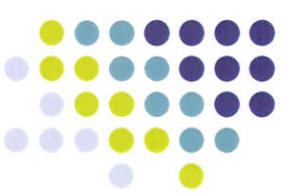


- HA was **labeled** with 99mTechnetium at 85% efficiency and was stable for at least 48 hours
- After a single oral application, a proportion (**< 5%**) of 99mTc-HA has been **absorbed** from the gastrointestinal tract
- The absorbed part of 99mTc-HA was **distributed** to various organs, especially **joints and skins**. All tissues examined showed incorporation of radioactivity starting at 15 minutes and persisting for **48 hours**.

- The main part of applied ^{99m}Tc -HA is **excreted** via the **faeces** (around **90 %** between 0-72 hs) and a small proportion is excreted via the urine (< 5% between 0-72 hs)



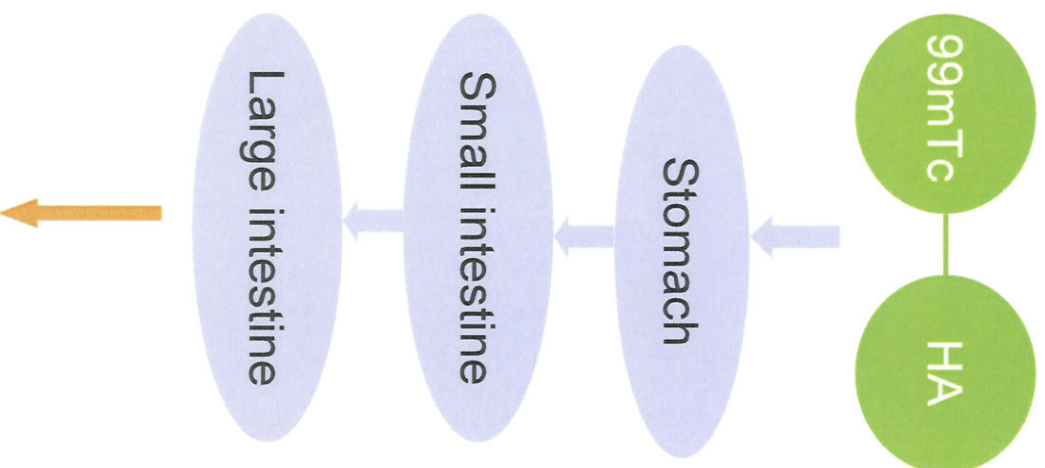
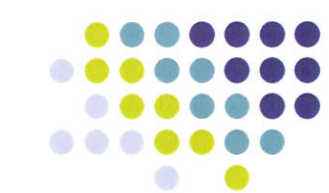
- The control material behave **differently** – a faster excretion has been seen by the urinary tract from the body
- Scintigraphic imaging, nano SPECT/CT scans, autoradiography in rats have **illustrate** the presence of labeled HA in joints, connective tissue and skin samples.



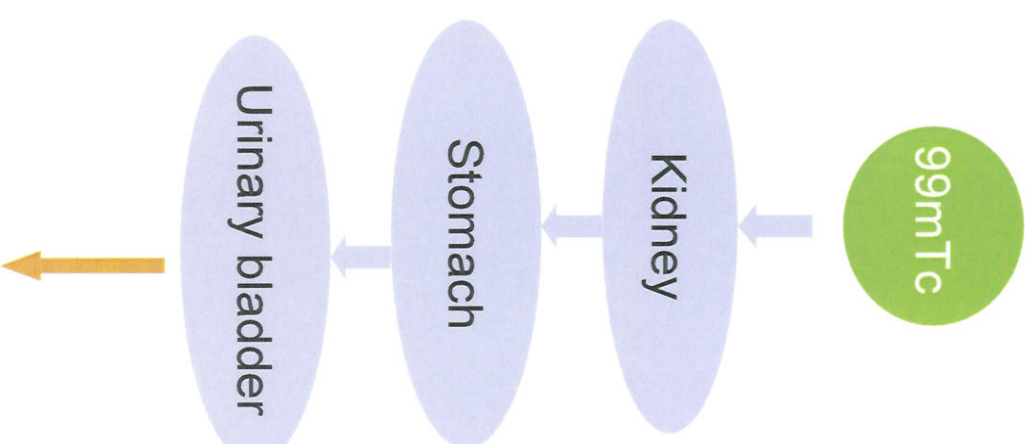


Results in detail

Radioactivity distribution



86.42% excreted by faeces



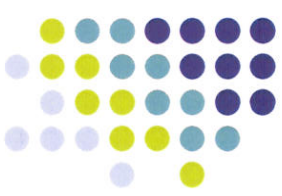
93.2% excreted by urines

Result

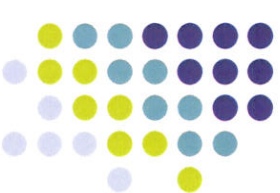
- The control(^{99m}Tc) is different from the test study($^{99m}\text{Tc-HA}$) in the radioactivity distribution



- The difference is due to the Sodium hyaluronate
- The metabolism of $^{99m}\text{Tc-HA}$ has little connection with free ^{99m}Tc



Urinary/faeces excretion in rats



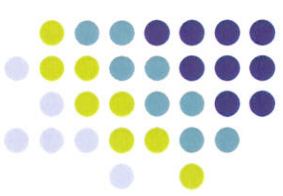
	I.D.% / collected excretums	Average	±	SD
0 – 12 hs	urine	0.34	±	0.11
	faeces	1.84	±	1.58
0 – 24 hs	urine	0.78	±	0.18
	faeces	42.16	±	9.54
0 – 48 hs	urine	1.36	±	0.38
	faeces	69.40	±	9.69
0 – 72 hs	urine	2.04	±	0.63
	faeces	84.62	±	7.79
0 – 72 hs	urine+faeces	86.66	±	8.03

Excretion examinations after per oral application of 99mTc – HA in rats

	I.D.% / collected excretums	Average	±	SD
0 – 12 hs	urine	65.76	±	3.71
	faeces	0.44	±	0.09
0 – 24 hs	urine	82.44	±	4.72
	faeces	0.64	±	0.09
0 – 48 hs	urine	88.96	±	4.18
	faeces	0.88	±	0.08
0 – 72 hs	urine	93.20	±	4.45
	faeces	1.24	±	0.09
0 – 72 hs	urine+faeces	94.44	±	4.51

Excretion examinations after per oral application of 99mTc in rats

Result

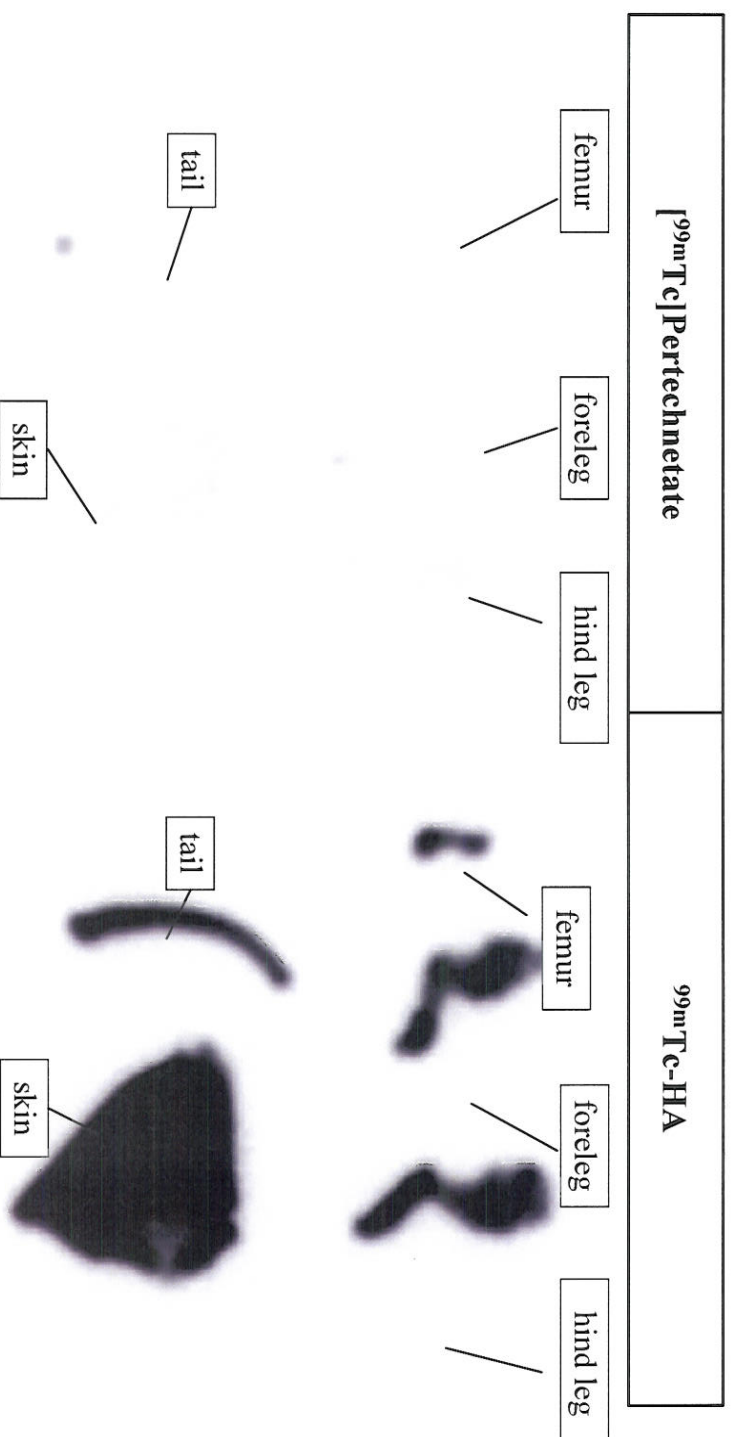
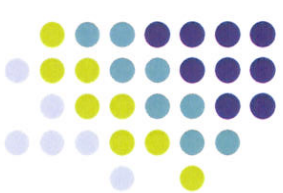


- After 72 hours, recoveries were $84.62 \pm 7.79\%$ in feces and $2.04 \pm 0.63\%$ in urine, for a total urinary and fecal excretion of $86.66 \pm 8.03\%$ of ingested radioactivity.
- Only 40% of the ingested radioactivity was excreted by 24 hours, most between 12-24 hours
- Approximately **8%** of the orally ingested dose of 99mTc-HA had potential for systemic distribution.



The control study turns out that $93.20 \pm 4.45\%$ of the radioactivity is excreted by urines.

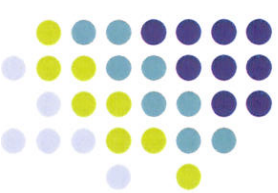
Ex vivo scintigrams of removed targetorgans from 2 rats



Test method: Scintigraphic examinations in Wistar rats

Result

- There are difference of radioactivity distribution between labeled HA and label itself in the **joints and skins**.



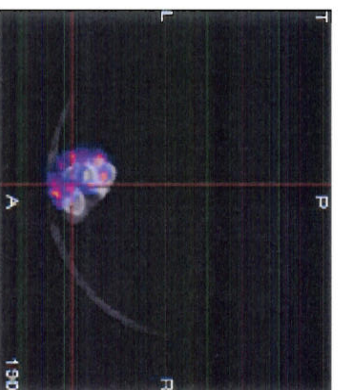
The label(^{99m}Tc) is still **attached** to HA in the body after oral consumption

The radioactivity reached joints and skins is generated by ^{99m}Tc -HA instead of free ^{99m}Tc

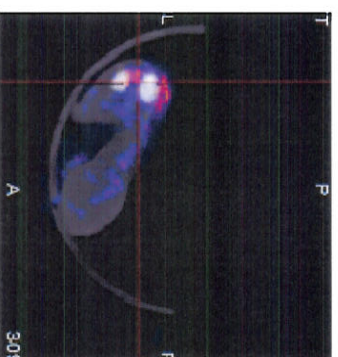
HA gets into joints and skins after oral consumption

Ex vivo images of foreleg, hindleg and femur

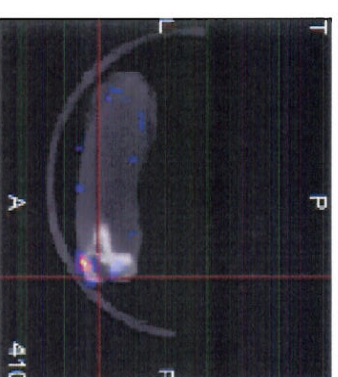
Tarsal joint



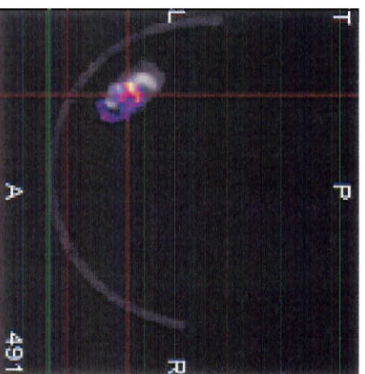
Knee joint



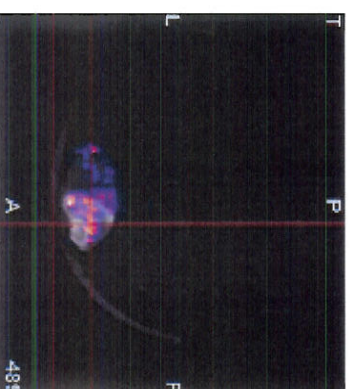
Hip joint



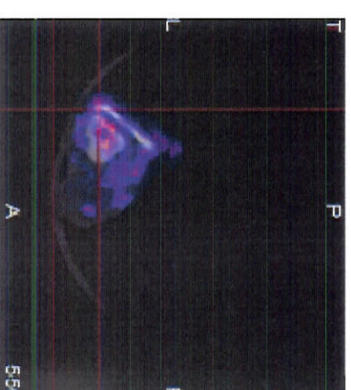
Carpal joint



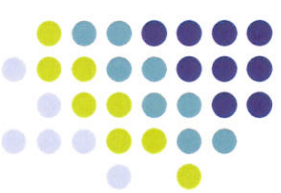
Elbow joint



Shoulder joint

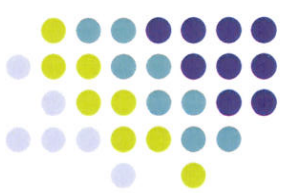


Test method: nano SPECT/CT scans in Wistar rats

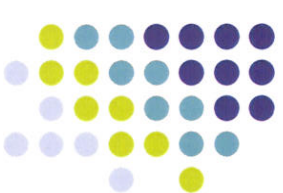


Result

- Nano SPECT/CT scans of target organs showed that measurable amounts of radioactivity reached tissues after oral administration of ^{99m}Tc -HA, with a special affinity for cartilaginous joints.

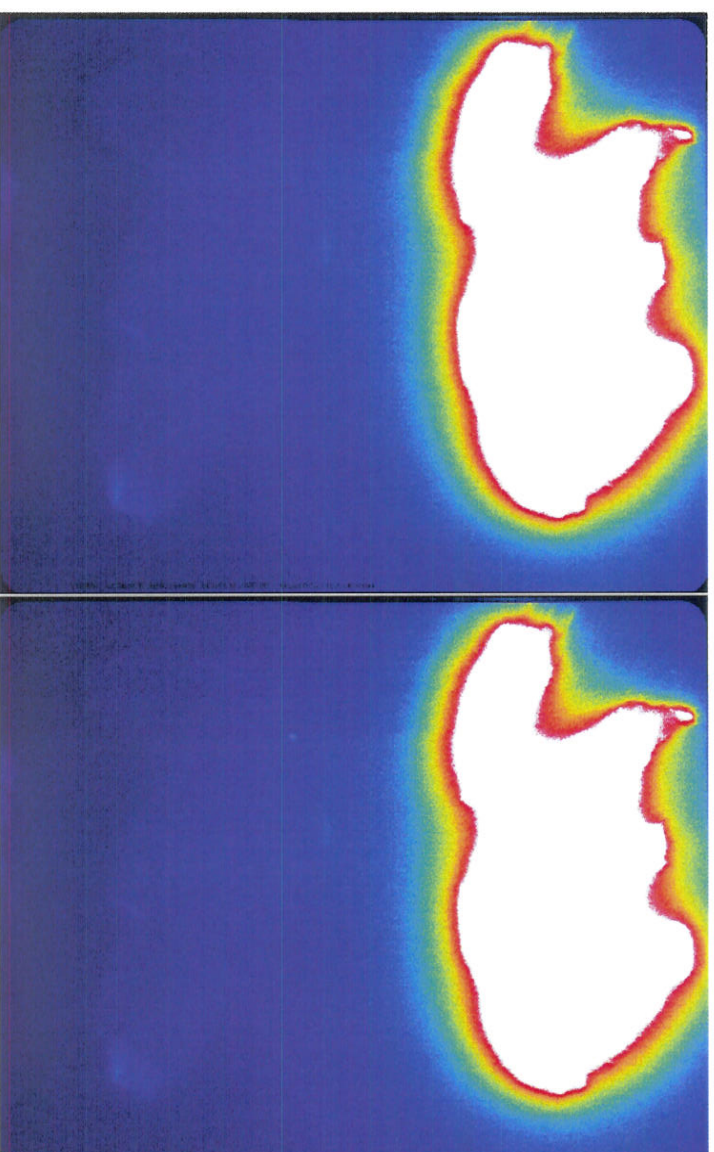


Ex vivo autoradiography of skin 24 hs after application of test and control material



Ex vivo skin 1.

Ex vivo skin 2.

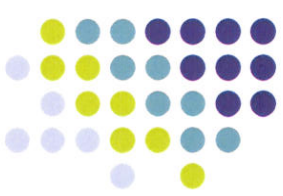


Labeled
HA
24 hs

Free label
24hs

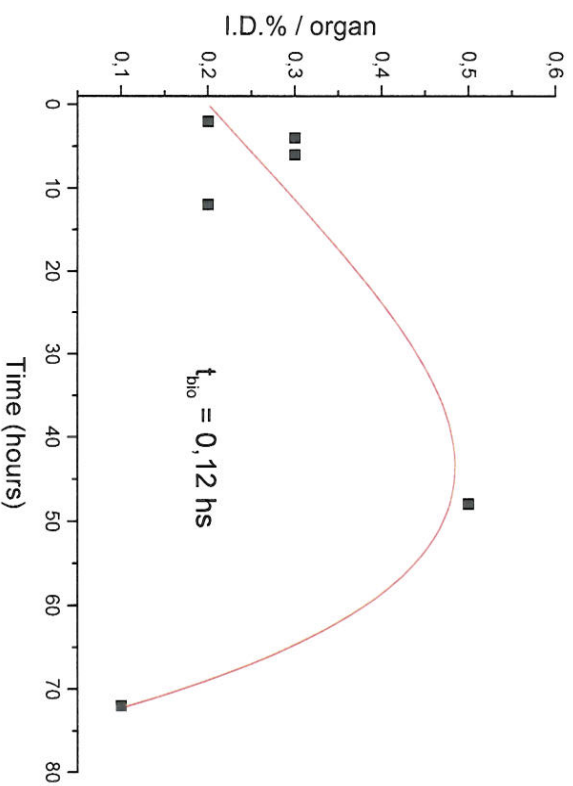
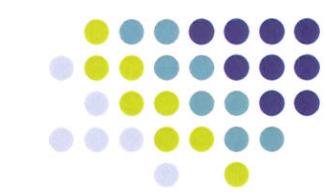
Test method: Autoradiography in Wistar rats

Result

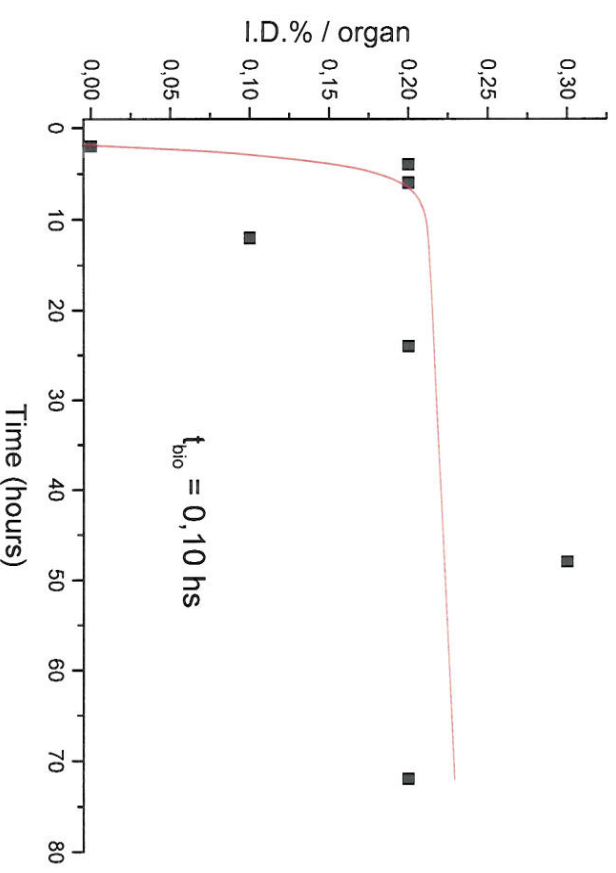


- Autoradiography shows that the radioactivity of ^{99m}Tc is still linked with HA
- Measurable amounts of radioactivity reached skins after oral administration of $^{99m}\text{Tc-HA}$

Pharmacokinetic and internal dosimetry of ^{99m}Tc-HA

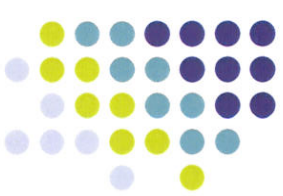


Pharmacokinetic properties of ^{99m}Tc-HA in rat **knee** after oral application



Pharmacokinetic properties of ^{99m}Tc-HA in rat **skin** after oral application

Conclusion



- HA is presented to be **the first commercial HA** with clinical evidence for uptake and distribution to connective tissues and skins after orally consumption
- The findings support a rationale for biological actions seen in animal and human studies
- The findings support the application of HA in dietary supplements or functional foods designed for joint and skin health.